

Agenda

Data, Information, Intelligence

- Define terms
- Competitive vs. Business
- Data points old & new

Integration Issues

GOALS

Social Media Metrics

Benchmarks

In-house vs. Third Party Solutions

Questions



Data, Information, Intelligence

Data

• Raw, unorganized, unprocessed facts

Information

- Processed, organized, structured data placed into context Intelligence
 - Corroborate the validity of the information
 - Understand its importance and linkages with other data
 - Used accomplish a desired goal

Business Intelligence

• Micro-environment: What are you doing?

Competitive Intelligence

• Macro environment: What is your industry doing?

Qualitative vs. Quantitative Analysis

• Content assessment vs. Numbers measured



"Big Data"

You are not doing this Big Corporate issue





What is Data?

Depends on context/CRM tools
Traditional

- Databases
- Excel files
- Contact lists
- Email blasts
- Paper

New

- Online static (websites, email, POS)
- Online Dynamic (social media, POS)



CRM Approaches

Traditional:

- You know who you are dealing with
- If they support your enterprise

New:

- Constant contact
- Whether speak speak/interact

Is there crossover between the two? Why is this important?



2013 eNonprofit Benchmarks

Email response/giving is DECREASING
Social media/online response giving is INCREASING
Are you communicating with BOTH base and potentials?
Are you creating more work through loyalty to antiquated system?

You need to make sure that there is overlap between traditional and new CRM



Goals

Who is your base & where are they now? Who else are you trying to reach?

- Demographics Where are they?
- Geographically, online
 Are you where your demos are?
 Are you talking at or engaging with?
 How much do you really need to do?
 Stop throwing spaghetti!

*refer to booklet page 3



How Do We Medslife that? What should you be looking at? *refer to booklet page IX







Who is Where?

Broadest reach: Facebook

• Broad income/age range

Fastest growing: Twitter

• Young adult with moderate income

Greatest reach:

Youth - Tumblr

Women - Instagram, Pinterest

Men - LinkedIn

*refer to booklet page 2



2014 Trends

Highly Visual Sharing Services

- Instagram & Pinterest
- Mobile Sharing
 - Snapchat & Whatsapp

Facebook dominance problematic

• Ubiquity = lost in the masses

Twitter seeks to be media

• Third-party integration (Vine)



1 - Fan Reach

- Number of Page fans who have seen any given post
- Organic: fan direct, not thru others action
- Not available directly thru FB, must download to excel





"Lifetime Post reach by people who like your Page"

Measure the appeal of content (quality of content) Key indicator of health of your Page (quality of audience)

	VV	
1	Lifetime Post Impressions by p	Lifetime Post reach by people who like your Page
2	Lifetime The number of impression	LITETIME THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO SAW YOUR PAGE POST
3	270451	84288
4	140244	51374
5	188207	64412
6	203119	72858
7	255086	80655
8	190766	65615
9	162042	57633
10	122870	40578
11	159255	51503
12	127066	42462
13	125408	42528



2 - Organic Reach

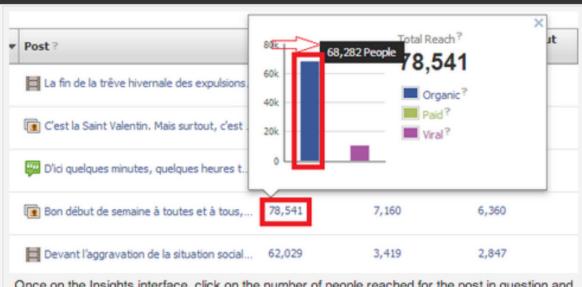
How is it different?

- Base vs. Potentials
- Potentials include direct views of non-fans

Keep in Mind

- Don't confuse the two
- Organic reach may not be accurate reflection of fan reach
- When organic reach is very close to fan reach, it usually means that people cannot be exposed to content if they are not already fans
- Try to better promote your Page on other channels and you should see your organic reach going up





Once on the Insights interface, click on the number of people reached for the post in question and hover your mouse over the "Organic" bar chart, you'll see the organic reach number for that post.

Reach?

Viral vs. organic views

- Viral generates talk
- Organic has better conversion

However....

Load vs. scroll

- Not counted until user clicks on post loads content
- Good and bad depending on content and mobile users
- Doesn't account for "quickfire"
- Active vs. Passive





3 -Engagement

Number people who clicked anywhere in post Engagement = # people interacted with content

• liking, commenting, sharing, viewing a video, clicked links, like photos

Acting vs. Passive

- Not enough for updates to be viewed many
- Make sure content triggers some kind of interest
- Engagement metric only measurable sign of interest





Do not focus on raw number - understand relationship

Engaged Users / Reached Users X 100 = %

Allows compare/benchmark different types of posts



4 - Storytellers

"People Talking About This"

- only measures three actions: likes, comments, shares.
- interacted and then showed others

QUALITATIVE

Why important: the viral metric

- people "may" share
- Facebook limits this

Don't depend too much on this metric!





5 - Click Thru Rate

Measure effectiveness of email marketing, banner advertising, search engine ads, campaigns or landing page quality

Means same as traditional website
Page insights interface, click on the Engaged Users
number

of people interested enough in content





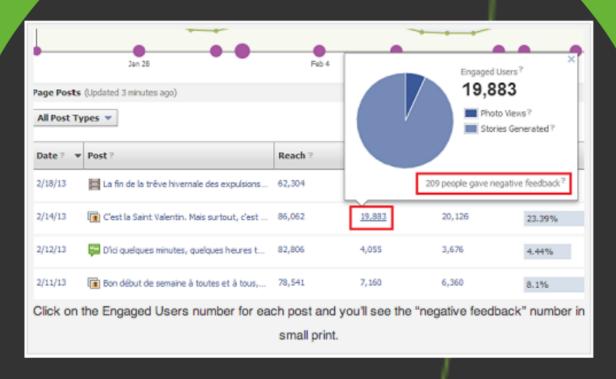
6 - Negative Feedback

Action taken by fan

- hiding specific post, hiding future posts, unliking Page, reporting spam
 Counts number of users who did not like content
 Page insights interface, click Engaged Users number
- cannot see the breakdown need excel Why important:
 - Facebook gives more weight to metric
 - Posts with high negative feedback have less exposure through EdgeRank

Pages with average negative feedback that remains high have less reach over time





Convert to Percentage

Negative Feedback / Reach x 100 = %



About EdgeRank...

Calculated:

- Affinity i.e., how close is the relationship between the user and the content/source?
- Weight i.e., what type of action was taken on the content?
- Decay i.e., how recent/current is the content?

Debatable usefulness
Newsfeed algorithm has 100K weight factors
Greatly affected by Relationship settings
Need paid ads to reach
Large corporate vs. Small Nonprofit/Small
Business



INFLUENCE = Give and take

Good for pop-culture and news

Followers: # times listed = Equals reputation

Klout score

• Calculate overall outlay of the user's Twitter activity.

Ratios: Followers v. Following

What to consistently track:

Follower growth

• How many new followers every day, week or month?

Follower quality and engagement

How many users interact with account?

Reach

How many users favorite or retweet Tweets?

Traffic

How many users go to site?

Does follower convert??

How many users sign up for your service or buy your product?





Integration

How do you cross-measure SM to traditional data?

How do you track persons reached via SM who buy, donates, contacts your organization?

In-house vs. Third Party Vendors





Excel

free, easy, powerful

plan -track

upfront cost vs. longterm benefit

creates easily digestible visual



Third Party Vendors Simply Measured Hootsuite Constant Contact

Sales Force

Razor's Edge

Gift Works



GOALS!

Does your SM achieve goals?

SM is means to an end

Cost Benefit Analysis



